

Verb Modes

*Tlél tsu kut aa xwagéex' tle a saax'óo teen.
—Kooxíchx'*

I didn't lose any of the names.
— Alex Andrews, Kaagwaantaan¹

Introduction

The information presented here is collected from Keri Eggleston's *575 Tlingit Verbs: a Study of Tlingit Verb Paradigms* and James Crippen's *Tlingit Verbal Structure Handbook* and *Tlingitology Seminar*. These tables and explanations are intended to be a brief overview of the verb forms. See Crippen and Eggleston for more examples and detailed explanations.

To start with, let's take a look at **verb types** in Tlingit. Every verb belongs to one of the following types:

TYPE	DESCRIPTION	SPECIAL CHARACTERISTICS
<i>act</i>	for someone to do something	
<i>event</i>	for something to happen	no primary imperfective (use progressive imperfective);
<i>state</i>	for something to be a certain way	often uses object pronouns; rarely uses subject pronouns
<i>motion</i>	for something to move	no primary imperfective (use progressive imperfective); conjugation prefix changes based on type of motion
<i>positional</i>	for something to be positioned	only occurs in imperfective

¹ Dauenhauer, Nora, Richard Dauenhauer, and Lydia Black. "The Battle at Indian River." *Anóoshi Lingít Aaní Ká: Russians in Tlingit America*. trans. Nora Dauenhauer, et al. (Seattle: University of Washington Press, 2008), 329.

When you think about what the verb is describing, then you can usually figure out the verb type in Tlingit. There are a couple of verbs that might surprise you, but most of them line up with the type of activity the verb describes. Verb type is one characteristic that you need to understand in order to use Tlingit verbs. Once you know the verb type, then you can predict components of the verb and how they might change in different conjugations.

We have looked at how to conjugate verbs by **person**, so we will begin conjugating them by what they are doing, and this is called **mode**. In English, we might think of mode as past tense, present tense, and future tense. That is a start, but then we have to keep in mind that Tlingit has a different sense of time in the language. Tlingit verbs often focus on whether the verb has been completed or not, instead of when it may have happened. When an action is completed, it is referred to as **perfective** form, and while this often aligns with English past tense (*yéi jixwaanei* – I worked), there are Tlingit verbs that are perfective but are used to describe a present tense action (*ixwsiteen* — I see you; I saw you).

In our discussions of verb mode, much of the information presented here comes from the following texts: *Dictionary of Tlingit & 575+ Tlingit Verbs*² by Keri Eggleston and *Tlingit Verbal Structure & Tlingitology Seminar*³ by James Crippen. These texts were developed in partnership with patient and knowledgeable elders, and build upon the immaculate work of Nora Dauenhauer & Richard Dauenhauer, Jeff Leer, and Constance Naish & Gillian Story.

We will look at eighteen different verb modes. There are several more modes, but these are the most common. To see how these verbs work, we will be using the verbs in the following table as examples. These will be conjugated using third person objects and subjects. Changing the pronouns can affect conjugation and contraction, which can also be figured out with time and practice. In the future, watch for verb modes while reading translated Tlingit and listening to fluent speakers, and try to put these together yourself.

² Eggleston, Keri. *575 Tlingit Verbs: a Study of Tlingit Verb Paradigms*,
— “575+ Tlingit Verbs.” Goldbelt Heritage Foundation. <http://www.goldbeltheritage.org/verbs/>

³ <http://tlingit.info/resources/verbal-structure-handbook.pdf>
<http://tlingit.info/resources/Tlingitology-Seminar.pdf>

ACT		
Ø	O-(ga)-S-l-sháat~	for S to hold, retain O in one's grasp; for S to capture, hold O captive
ka-	O-ka-(Ø)-S-sh-√xeet~	for S to write, draw, or paint a picture of O; for S to print O by hand; for S to photograph, take pictures, X-rays of O
tu-	(yéi) sh + tu-(na)-S-Ø+d-√nook~ ³	for S to feel (that way) (esp. physical sensation)
ji-	yéi + ji-(na)-S-Ø-√nei~ ²	for S to work; for S to do
STATE		
Ø	O-(ga)-Ø-√k'éi	for O to be good, fine, pretty
ka-	O-ka-(ga)-(u)-l-√jéé ²	for O to be awful, terrible, eerie (in appearance), unattractive
tu-	O-tu-(ga)-Ø-√.aan ²	for O to be kind, gentle
ji-	— [no verb found for this combination]	—
EVENT		
Ø	O-(Ø)-S-Ø-√.aax~ ¹	for S to hear O
ka-	ka-(Ø)-Ø+d-√gaan~	for something to shine, produce light by burning
tu-	(yéi) + tu-(na)-S-Ø+d-√taan~ ⁵	for (singular) S to decide, make up one's mind (that way)
ji-	ji-(na)-s-√taan~ ⁴	for the ocean to be rough
MOTION		
Ø	N-dé + (na)-S-Ø-√goot~ ¹	for (singular) S to walk, go (by walking or as general term) toward N
ka-	N-t~ + ka-(Ø)-Ø-xeex~	for something (usually a round object) to fall, drop into N
tu-	— [no verb found for this combination]	—
ji-	N kanax + ji-ya-(Ø)-s+d-√taan~ ⁴	for waves to wash over N
POSITIONAL		
Ø	S-Ø-√.aa ¹	for (singular) S to be seated
ka-	yóo + ka-Ø-√tán ⁸	for something to be bent
tu-	— [no verb found for this combination]	—
ji-	— [no verb found for this combination]	—

Future (+)

(*kei/yei*) + *O-ga-u-ga-S-cl_{-i}* -√róot

s/he will do it; it will happen

FUTURE (+): will do it; it will happen

PREVERB	<u>ga</u> _{cp}	<u>ga</u> _{cp}	<u>na</u> _{cp} & <u>Ø</u> _{cp}
	kei	yei	—
PREFIXES	ga-conj	irrealis	ga-mode
	ga-	u-	<u>ga</u> -
CONJUGATION PREFIX	— (eliminated by ga-conj)		
CLASSIFIER	-i	Ø-, da-, sa-, s-, la-, l-, sha-, sh-	
STEM VARIATION	open — cvv		ćvv
	fading — cvv ^b		ćvv
	closed low — cvvc		ćvc
	closed high — ćvc		ćvc
	glottalized — cvvc'		ćvc'
SUFFIXES	—		

PREFIX COMBINATIONS (NO THEMATIC PREFIX)

	Ø	S	L	SH
1S	kuk <u>a</u> - / kk <u>w</u> a-	kuk <u>asa</u> - / kk <u>w</u> asa-	kuk <u>ala</u> - / kk <u>w</u> ala-	kuk <u>asha</u> - / kk <u>w</u> asha-
1P	gax <u>too</u> -	gax <u>tusa</u> -	gax <u>tula</u> -	gax <u>tusha</u> -
2S	g <u>agee</u> - / kg <u>gee</u> -	g <u>agisa</u> - / kg <u>gis</u> a-	g <u>agila</u> - / kg <u>gil</u> a-	g <u>agisha</u> - / kg <u>gis</u> ha-
2P	gaxyi-	gaxy <u>isa</u> -	gaxy <u>ila</u> -	gaxy <u>isha</u> -
3	gug <u>a</u> - / kg <u>gw</u> a-	gux <u>sa</u> -	gux <u>la</u> -	gux <u>sha</u> -
3-3	ak <u>gw</u> a-	agu <u>xsa</u> -	agu <u>xla</u> -	agu <u>xsha</u> -
INDH	gax <u>du</u> -	gax <u>dus</u> -	gax <u>dul</u> -	gax <u>dush</u> -

PREFIX COMBINATIONS (NO THEMATIC PREFIX)

	Ø+D	S+D	L+D	SH+D
1S	kuk <u>ada</u> - / kk <u>wada</u> -	kuk <u>as</u> - / kk <u>was</u> -	kuk <u>al</u> - / kk <u>wal</u> -	kuk <u>ash</u> - / kk <u>wash</u> -
1P	gax <u>tuda</u> -	gax <u>toos</u> -	gax <u>tool</u> -	gax <u>toosh</u> -

PREFIX COMBINATIONS (NO THEMATIC PREFIX)				
	Ø+D	S+D	L+D	SH+D
2S	gagida- / kgida-	gagees- / kgees-	gageel- / kgeel-	gageesh- / kgeesh-
2P	gaxyida-	gaxyis-	gaxyil-	gaxyish-
3	guxda-	gugas- / kgwas-	gugal- / kgwal-	gugash- / kgwash-
3-3	aguxda-	akgwas-	akgwal-	akgwash-
INDH	gaxdu-	gaxdus-	gaxdul-	gaxdush-

PREFIX COMBINATIONS (CV- THEMATIC PREFIX)				
	Ø	S	L	SH
1S	CVkkwa-	CVkkwasa-	CVkkwala-	CVkkwash-
1P	CVgaxtoo-	CVgaxtusa-	CVgaxtula-	CVgaxtusha-
2S	CVgee-	CVgis-	CVgila-	CVgisha-
2P	CVgaxyee-	CVgaxyisa-	CVgaxyila-	CVgaxyisha-
3	CVkgwa-	CVguxsa-	CVguxla-	CVguxsha-
3-3	aCVkgwa-	aCVguxsa-	aCVguxla-	aCVguxsha-
INDH	CVgaxdu-	CVgaxdus-	CVgaxdul-	CVgaxdush-

PREFIX COMBINATIONS (CV- THEMATIC PREFIX)				
	Ø+D	S+D	L+D	SH+D
1S	CVkkwada-	CVkkwas-	CVkkwal-	CVkkwash-
1P	CVgaxtuda-	CVgaxtoos-	CVgaxtool-	CVgaxtoosh-
2S	CVgida-	CVgees-	CVgeel-	CVgeesh-
2P	CVgaxyida-	CVgaxyees-	CVgaxyeel-	CVgaxyeesh-
3	CVguxda-	CVkgwas-	CVkgwal-	CVkgwash-
3-3	aCVguxda-	aCVkgwas-	aCVkgwal-	aCVkgwash-
INDH	CVgaxdu-	CVgaxdus-	CVgaxdul-	CVgaxdush-

Understanding Tlingit Verbs

FUTURE (+): will do it; it will happen

ACT		
∅	yei aguxlasháat yei a-ga-u <u>ga</u> -∅-la-√sháat	s/he will hold it
ka-	akagux <u>sh</u> xáet a-ka-ga-u-ga-sha-√xéet	s/he will write it
tu-	(yéi) sh tuguxdanóok (yéi) sh tu-ga-u <u>ga</u> -∅-da-√nóok	s/he will feel that way
ji-	yéi jikgwanéi yéi ji-ga-u <u>ga</u> -∅-∅-√néi	s/he will work
STATE		
∅	kei kgwak'éi kei ∅-ga-u <u>ga</u> -∅-√k'éi	he/she/it will be good; he/she/it will get better
ka-	kei kaguxlajéé kei ∅-ka-ga-u-ga-la-√jéé	it will look terrible
tu-	kei tugux <u>la</u> .aan kei ∅-tu-ga-u-ga-la-√.aan	s/he will be kind
ji-	—	—
EVENT		
∅	akgwá.áax a-ga-u <u>ga</u> -∅-∅-√.áax	s/he will hear it
ka-	kagux <u>d</u> agáan ka-ga-u <u>ga</u> -da-√gáan	it will be bright
tu-	(yéi) tuguxdatáan (yéi) tu-ga-u <u>ga</u> -∅-da-√táan	s/he will think (that way)
ji-	kei jigux <u>s</u> atáan kei ji-ga-u <u>ga</u> -sa-√táan	it will get rough
MOTION		
∅	aadé kgwagóot aa-dé ga-u <u>ga</u> -∅-∅-√góot	s/he will go there
ka-	aadé kakgwaxéex aa-dé ka-ga-u <u>ga</u> -∅-√xéex	it will hit it
tu-	—	—
ji-	a kanax <u>j</u> iyagux <u>s</u> atáan a ká-náx ji-ya-ga-u <u>ga</u> -sa-√táan	waves will wash over it

Future (-)

tlél + (kei/yei) + O-ga-u-ga-S-cl - \sqrt{i} root

s/he won't do it; s/he is not going to do it; it won't happen

FUTURE (-): won't do it; it won't happen

PREVERB 1	negative		
	tléil ~ tlél ~ hél ~ lél ~ til		
PREVERB 2	$g\overset{a}{a}_{cp}$ kei	$g\overset{a}{a}_{cp}$ yei	$na_{cp} \& \emptyset_{cp}$ —
PREFIXES	ga-conj ga-	irrealis u-	ga-mode ga-
CONJUGATION PREFIX	— (eliminated by ga-conj)		
CLASSIFIER	-i	\emptyset , da-, sa-, s-, la-, l-, sha-, sh-	
STEM VARIATION	open — cvv		cvv
	fading — cvv ^h		cvv
	closed low — cvvc		cvvc
	closed high — cvvc		cvvc
	glottalized — cvvc'		cvvc'
SUFFIXES	—		

PREFIX COMBINATIONS

same as future (+)

FUTURE (-): won't do it; it won't happen

ACT		
\emptyset	tlél yei aguxlasháat tlél yei a-ga-u- <u>ga</u> - \emptyset -la- $\sqrt{sháat}$	s/he won't hold it
ka-	tlél akaguxshaxeet tlél a-ka-ga-u- <u>ga</u> -sha- \sqrt{xee}	s/he won't write it
tu-	tlél (yéi) sh tuguxdanook tlél (yéi) sh tu-ga-u- <u>ga</u> - \emptyset -da- \sqrt{nook}	s/he won't feel that way
ji-	tlél yéi jikgwanei tlél yéi ji-ga-u- <u>ga</u> - \emptyset - \emptyset - \sqrt{nei}	s/he won't work

STATE

Understanding Tlingit Verbs

FUTURE (-): won't do it; it won't happen

∅	tlél kei kgwak'éi tlél kei Ø-ga-u-ga-Ø-√k'éi	he/she/it won't be good; he/she/it won't get better
ka-	tlél kei kaguxlajée tlél kei Ø-ka-ga-u-ga-la-vjée	it won't look terrible
tu-	tlél kei tuguxla.aan tlél kei Ø-tu-ga-u-ga-la-v.aan	s/he won't be kind
ji-	—	—
EVENT		
∅	tlél akgwa.aax tlél a-ga-u-ga-Ø-Ø-√.aax	s/he won't hear it
ka-	tlél kaguxdagáan tlél ka-ga-u-ga-da-vgáan	it won't be bright
tu-	tlél yéi tuguxdataan tlél yéi tu-ga-u-ga-Ø-da-vtaan	s/he won't think (that way)
ji-	tlél kei jiguxsataan tlél kei ji-ga-u-ga-sa-vtaan	it won't get rough
MOTION		
∅	tlél aadé kgwagoot ga-u-ga-Ø-Ø-√góot	s/he won't go there
ka-	tlél aadé kakgwaxeeex tlél aa-dé ka-ga-u-ga-Ø-√xeex	it won't hit it
tu-	—	—
ji-	tlél a kanax jiyaguxsataan a ká-náx ji-ya-ga-u-ga-sa-vtáan	waves won't wash over it

Perfective (+)

O-ju-S-cl_{+i}-√root

s/he did it

PERFECTIVE (+): did it

PREVERB	—		
PREFIXES	perfective	ſ <u>ju</u> -	
CONJUGATION PREFIX	—		
CLASSIFIER	+i	ſ <u>ja</u> , di, si, dzi, li, dli, shi, ji	
STEM VARIATION	open	Ø _{cp}	CVV
	CVV	na _{cp} , ga _{cp} , <u>ga_{cp}</u>	CVV
	fading	Ø _{cp}	CVV
	CVV ^h	na _{cp} , ga _{cp} , <u>ga_{cp}</u>	CVV
	closed low	Ø _{cp}	CVVC
	CVVC	na _{cp} , ga _{cp} , <u>ga_{cp}</u>	CVVC
	closed high	Ø _{cp}	CVVC
	CVVC	na _{cp} , ga _{cp} , <u>ga_{cp}</u>	CVVC
STEM VARIATION	glottalized	Ø _{cp}	CVVC'
	CVVC'	na _{cp} , ga _{cp} , <u>ga_{cp}</u>	CVVC'
SUFFIXES	—		

PREFIX COMBINATIONS (NO THEMATIC PREFIX)

	Ø	S	L	SH
1S	<u>x</u> waa-	<u>x</u> wasi-	<u>x</u> wali-	<u>x</u> washi-
1P	wutuwa-	wutusi-	wutuli-	wutushi-
2S	yee- / iya-	yisi-	yili-	yishi-
2P	yeey-	yeysi-	yeeyli-	yeeyshi-
3	woo- / uwa-	wusi-	wuli-	wushi-
3-3	aawa-	awsi-	awli-	awshi-
INDH	wuduwa-	wuduzi-	wudulii-	wuduji-

PREFIX COMBINATIONS (NO THEMATIC PREFIX)

	Ø+D	S+D	L+D	SH+D
1S	<u>x</u> wadi-	<u>x</u> wadzi-	<u>x</u> wadli-	<u>x</u> waji-
1P	wutudi-	wutudzi-	wutudli-	wutuji-
2S	yidi-	yidzi-	yidli-	yiji-

Understanding Tlingit Verbs

PREFIX COMBINATIONS (NO THEMATIC PREFIX)				
	Ø+D	S+D	L+D	SH+D
2P	yeeydi-	yeeydzi-	yeeydli-	yeeyji-
3	wudi-	wudzi-	wudli-	wuji-
3-3	awdi-	awdzi-	awdli-	awji-
INDH	wuduwa-	wududzi-	wududli-	wuduji-

PREFIX COMBINATIONS (Ca- THEMATIC PREFIX)				
	Ø	S	L	SH
1S	Caxwaa-	Caxws-i-	Caxwl-i-	Caxwsh-i-
1P	Cawtuwa-	Cawtusi-	Cawtuli-	Cawtushi-
2S	Ceeya-	Caysi-	Cayli-	Cayshi-
2P	Cayeey-	Cayeysi-	Cayeeyli-	Cayeeyshi-
3	Caawa-	Caws-i-	Cawli-	Cawshi-
3-3	aCaawa-	aCaws-i-	aCawli-	aCawshi-
INDH	Cawduwa-	Cawdudzi-	Cawdudli-	Cawduji-

PREFIX COMBINATIONS (Ca- THEMATIC PREFIX)				
	Ø+D	S+D	L+D	SH+D
1S	Caxwdi-	Caxwdzi-	Caxwdli-	Caxwji-
1P	Cawtudi-	Cawtudzi-	Cawtudli-	Cawtiji-
2S	Caydi-	Caydzi-	Caydli-	Cayji-
2P	Cayeeydi-	Cayeeydzi-	Cayeeyli-	Cayeeyji-
3	Cawdi-	Cawdzi-	Cawdli-	Cawji-
3-3	aCawdi-	aCawdzi-	aCawdli-	aCawji-
INDH	Cawduwa-	Cawdudzi-	Cawdudli-	Cawduji-

PREFIX COMBINATIONS (Ci- THEMATIC PREFIX)				
	Ø	S	L	SH
1S	Cixwaa-	Cixws-i-	Cixwl-i-	Cixwsh-i-
1P	Ciwtuwa-	Ciwtusi-	Ciwtuli-	Ciwtushi-
2S	Ceeya-	Cysi-	Ciyli-	Ciyshi-
2P	Ciyeey-	Ciyeysi-	Ciyeeyli-	Ciyeeyshi-
3	Ceeya-	Ciws-i-	Ciwli-	Ciwshi-
3-3	aCeeya-	aCiws-i-	aCiwli-	aCiwshi-
INDH	Ciwduwa-	Ciwdudzi-	Ciwdudli-	Ciwdiji-

PREFIX COMBINATIONS (Ci- THEMATIC PREFIX)				
	Ø+D	S+D	L+D	SH+D
1S	Cixwdi-	Cixwdzi-	Cixwdli-	Cixwji-
1P	Ciwtudi-	Ciwtudzi-	Ciwtudli-	Ciwtuji-
2S	Ciydi-	Ciydzi-	Ciydli-	Ciyji-
2P	Ciyeeydi-	Ciyeeydzi-	Ciyeeydli-	Ciyeeyji-
3	Ciwdi-	Ciwdzi-	Ciwdli-	Ciwji-
3-3	aCiwdi-	aCiwdzi-	aCiwdli-	aCiwji-
INDH	Ciwduwa-	Ciwdudzi-	Ciwdudli-	Ciwduji-

PREFIX COMBINATIONS (Cu- THEMATIC PREFIX)				
	Ø	S	L	SH
1S	Cuxwaa-	Cuxwsı-	Cuxwlı-	Cuxwshi-
1P	Cuwtuwa-	Cuwtsı-	Cuwtslı-	Cuwtsushi-
2S	Ceeya-	Cuysi-	Cuylı-	Cuyshi-
2P	Cuyeey-	Cuyeeysı-	Cuyeeylı-	Cuyeeyshi-
3	Cooya-	Cuwsı-	Cuwlı-	Cuwshi-
3-3	aCooya-	aCuwsı-	aCuwlı-	aCuwshi-
INDH	Cuwduwa-	Cuwdudzi-	Cuwdudli-	Cuwduji-

PREFIX COMBINATIONS (Cu- THEMATIC PREFIX)				
	Ø+D	S+D	L+D	SH+D
1S	Cuxwdi-	Cuxwdzi-	Cuxwdli-	Cuxwji-
1P	Cuwtudi-	Cuiwtudzi-	Cuwtudli-	Ciwtuji-
2S	Cuydi-	Cuydzi-	Cuydli-	Cuyji-
2P	Cuyeeydi-	Cuyeeydzi-	Cuyeeydli-	Cuyeeyji-
3	Cuwdi-	Cuwdzi-	Cuwqli-	Cuwji-
3-3	aCuwdi-	aCuwdzi-	aCuwqli-	aCuwji-
INDH	Cuwduwa-	Cuwdudzi-	Cuwdudli-	Cuwduji-

PERFECTIVE (+): did it

ACT			
Ø	awlisháat a-yü-Ø-li-√sháat		s/he held him/her/it
ka-	akawshixít a-ka-yü-Ø-shi-√xít		s/he wrote it

PERFECTIVE (+): did it

tu-	(yéi) sh tuwdinook (yéi) sh tu-yü-Ø-di-√nook	s/he felt that way
	yéi jeewanéi yéi ji-yü-Ø-ÿa-√néi	s/he worked
	STATE	
∅	wook'éi ∅-yü-ÿa-√k'éi	he/she/it was good; he/she/it got better
	kawlijée ∅-ka-yü-li-vjée	it looked terrible
tu-	[does not occur]	—
ji-	—	—
	EVENT	
∅	aawa.áx a-yü-Ø-ÿa-√.áx	s/he heard it
	kawdigán ka-yü-di-√gán	it's bright; it was bright
tu-	(yéi) tuwditaan (yéi) tu-yü-Ø-di-√taan	s/he thought (that way)
	jiwsitaan ji-yü-si-√taan	it's rough; it was rough
	MOTION	
∅	aadé woogoot aa-dé yü-Ø-ÿa-√goot	s/he went there
	át uwagút aa-t u-Ø-ÿa-√gút	s/he arrived there
ka-	át kaawaxíx aa-t ka-yü-ÿa-√xíx	it hit it; it fell on it
	—	—
ji-	a kanax jiyawsítán a ká-náx ji-ya-yü-si-√tán	waves washed over it

Perfective (-)tlél + O-u-yü-S-cl_{-i}-√root

s/he didn't do it

PERFECTIVE (-): didn't do it

PREVERB	negative	tlél ~ tlél ~ hél ~ lél ~ til	
PREFIXES	perfective	yü-	
CONJUGATION PREFIX	—		
CLASSIFIER	-i	Ø-, da-, sa-, s-, la-, l-, sha-, sh-	
STEM VARIATION	open	Ø _{cp}	cá
	CVV	na _{cp} , ga _{cp} , gá _{cp}	cvv
	fading	Ø _{cp}	cá
	CVV ^h	na _{cp} , ga _{cp} , gá _{cp}	cvv
	closed low	Ø _{cp}	cávc
	CVVC	na _{cp} , ga _{cp} , gá _{cp}	cávc
	closed high	Ø _{cp}	cávc
	CáVC	na _{cp} , ga _{cp} , gá _{cp}	cávc
SUFFIXES	glottalized	Ø _{cp}	cávc'
	CVVC'	na _{cp} , ga _{cp} , gá _{cp}	cávc'

PERFECTIVE (-): didn't do it

ACT			
Ø	tlél awulsháat tlél a-u-yü-la-√sháat		s/he didn't hold him/her/it
ka-	tlél akawushxeet tlél a-ka-u-yü-sha-√xeet		s/he didn't write it
tu-	tlél (yéi) sh tuwdanook tlél (yéi) sh tu-u-yü-Ø-da-√nook		s/he didn't feet that way
ji-	tlél yéi jiwunei tlél yéi ji-u-yü-Ø-Ø-√nei		s/he didn't work
STATE			
Ø	tlél wuk'éi tlél Ø-u-yü-Ø-√k'éi		he/she/it wasn't good; he/she/it didn't get better
ka-	tlél kawuljée tlél Ø-ka-u-yü-la-√jee		it didn't look terrible

Understanding Tlingit Verbs

PERFECTIVE (-): didn't do it

tu-	[does not occur]	—
ji-	—	—
EVENT		
∅	tlél awu.aax tlél a-u-yü-Ø-Ø-√.aax	s/he didn't hear it
ka-	tlél kawdagáan tlél ka-u-yü-da-√gáan	it isn't bright
tu-	tlél (yéi) tuwdataan tlél (yéi) tu-u-yü-Ø-da-√taan	s/he didn't think (that way)
ji-	tlél jiwustaan tlél ji-u-yü-sa-√taan	it isn't rough; it wasn't rough
MOTION		
∅	tlél aadé wugoot tlél aa-dé u-yü-Ø-Ø-√goot	s/he didn't go there
ka-	tlél át kawuxeeex tlél aa-t ka-u-yü-Ø-√xeex	it didn't hit it
tu-	—	—
ji-	tlél a kanax jiyawstaan tlél a ká-náx ji-ya-u-yü-sa-√tán	waves didn't wash over it

*Imperfective (+)**O-S-cl-√root*

s/he is doing it; s/he does it

IMPERFECTIVE (+): doing it; does it

PREVERB	—		
PREFIXES	—		
CONJUGATION PREFIX	—		
CLASSIFIER	act	-i	Ø-, da-, sa-, s-, la-, l-, sha-, sh-
	state	+i	ÿa, di, si, dzi, li, dli, shi, ji
STEM VARIATION	unpredictable		
SUFFIXES	—		

IMPERFECTIVE (+): doing it; does it

ACT		
Ø	alshát a-Ø-l-√shát	s/he is holding it
ka-	akshaxeet a-ka-Ø-sha-√xeet	s/he writes it; s/he is writing it
tu-	(yéi) sh tudinook (yéi) sh Ø-tu-di-√nook	s/he feels that way
ji-	yéi jiné yéi ji-Ø-Ø-√né	s/he works; s/he is working
STATE		
Ø	yak'éi Ø-ÿa-√k'éi	he/she/it is good
ka-	kalijée / kulijée Ø-ka-li-√jée	it looks terrible
tu-	tuli.aan Ø-tu-li-√.aan	s/he is kind
ji-	—	—
EVENT		
Ø	[no imperfective for event verbs]	—
ka-	[no imperfective for event verbs]	—
tu-	[no imperfective for event verbs]	—
ji-	[no imperfective for event verbs]	—

Understanding Tlingit Verbs

IMPERFECTIVE (+): doing it; does it

MOTION		
∅	[no imperfective for motion verbs]	—
ka-	[no imperfective for motion verbs]	—
tu-	[no imperfective for motion verbs]	—
ji-	[no imperfective for motion verbs]	—
POSITIONAL		
∅	.áa ∅-∅-√.áa	s/he sits; s/he is sitting
ka-	yóo katán yóo ka-∅-√tán	it's bent
tu-	—	—
ji-	—	—

Imperfective (-)*tlél + O-u-S-cl -v root*

s/he is not doing it; s/he does not do it

IMPERFECTIVE (-): not doing it; does not do it

PREVERB	negative	tléíl ~ tlél ~ héł ~ lél ~ tíl
PREFIXES	irrealis	u-
CONJUGATION PREFIX	—	
CLASSIFIER	-i	Ø-, da-, sa-, s-, la-, l-, sha-, sh-
STEM VARIATION	unpredictable	
SUFFIXES	—	

IMPERFECTIVE (-): not doing it; does not do it

ACT

∅	tlél oolshát tlél a-u-Ø-la-vshát	s/he isn't holding him/her/it
ka-	tlél akooshxeet tlél a-ka-u-Ø-sha-vxeet	s/he doesn't write it; s/he's not writing it
tu-	tlél (yéi) sh toodanook tlél (yéi) sh tu-u-Ø-da-vnook	s/he doesn't feel that way
ji-	tlél yéi jeené tlél yéi ji-u-Ø-Ø-vné	s/he doesn't work; s/he isn't working

STATE

∅	tlél uk'é tlél Ø-u-Ø-vk'é	he/she/it is not good
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ka-	tlél kooljée tlél Ø-ka-u-la-vjée	it doesn't look terrible
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tu-	tlél tool.aan tlél Ø-tu-u-la-v.aan	s/he isn't kind
-----	---------------------------------------	-----------------

ji-	—	—
-----	---	---

EVENT

∅	[no imperfective for event verbs]	—
ka-	[no imperfective for event verbs]	—
tu-	[no imperfective for event verbs]	—
ji-	[no imperfective for event verbs]	—

Understanding Tlingit Verbs

IMPERFECTIVE (-): not doing it; does not do it

MOTION		
∅	[no imperfective for motion verbs]	—
ka-	[no imperfective for motion verbs]	—
tu-	[no imperfective for motion verbs]	—
ji-	[no imperfective for motion verbs]	—

POSITIONAL		
∅	tlél u.aa tlél u-∅-∅-√.aa	s/he doesn't sit; s/he isn't sitting
ka-	tlél yóo kootán tlél yóo ka-u-√tán	it isn't bent
tu-	—	—
ji-	—	—

Progressive Imperfective (+)*yaa/kei/yei + O-na-S-cl_{-i}-√root-(n)*

s/he is in the process of doing it

PROGRESSIVE IMPERFECTIVE (+): in the process of doing it

PREVERB	\emptyset_{cp} & na _{cp}	ga _{cp}	ga _{cp}
	yaa	kei	yei
PREFIXES	na-conj	na-	
CONJUGATION PREFIX	— (eliminated by na-conj)		
CLASSIFIER	-i	Ø-, da-, sa-, s-, la-, l-, sha-, sh-	
STEM VARIATION	open cvv	\emptyset_{cp} na _{cp} , ga _{cp} , <u>ga_{cp}</u>	cvn (aa/oo~ei) cvc
	fading cvv ^h	\emptyset_{cp} na _{cp} , ga _{cp} , <u>ga_{cp}</u>	cvn (aa/oo~ei) cvc
	closed low cvvc	\emptyset_{cp} na _{cp} , ga _{cp} , <u>ga_{cp}</u>	cvvc
	closed high cvvc	\emptyset_{cp} na _{cp} , ga _{cp} , <u>ga_{cp}</u>	cvvc
	glottalized cvvc'	\emptyset_{cp} na _{cp} , ga _{cp} , <u>ga_{cp}</u>	cvvc' cvc'
SUFFIXES	—		

PROGRESSIVE IMPERFECTIVE (+): in the process of doing it

ACT		
Ø	[does not occur]	—
ka-	[does not occur]	—
tu-	(yéi) yaa sh tundanúk (yéi) yaa sh tu-na-Ø-da-√núk	s/he is beginning to feel that way
ji-	[does not occur]	—
STATE		
Ø	kei nak'én kei Ø-na-Ø-√k'én-n	s/he/it is getting better
ka-	[does not occur]	—
tu-	[does not occur]	—

Understanding Tlingit Verbs

PROGRESSIVE IMPERFECTIVE (+): in the process of doing it

ji-	—	—
EVENT		
∅	[does not occur]	—
ka-	[does not occur]	—
tu-	[does not occur]	—
ji-	yaa jinastán yaa ji-na-sa- $\sqrt{tán}$	it's getting rough
MOTION		
∅	aadé yaa nagút aa-dé yaa na-∅-∅- $\sqrt{gút}$	s/he is going there
ka-	[does not occur]	—
tu-	—	—
ji-	a kanax yaa jiyanastán a ká-náx yaa ji-ya-na-sa- $\sqrt{tán}$	waves are washing over it

ImperativeCP-(S)-cl_{-i}- $\sqrt{\text{root}}$

do it!

IMPERATIVE: do it!

PREVERB	—			
PREFIXES	—			
CONJUGATION PREFIX	yes	$\emptyset_{\text{cp}}, \underline{n}a_{\text{cp}}, g\underline{a}_{\text{cp}}, \underline{g}a_{\text{cp}}$		
CLASSIFIER	-i	\emptyset - , da-, sa-, s-, la-, l-, sha-, sh-		
STEM VARIATION	open	\emptyset_{cp}	c ^v *	
	CVV	$\underline{n}a_{\text{cp}}, g\underline{a}_{\text{cp}}, \underline{g}a_{\text{cp}}$	c ^v	
	fading	\emptyset_{cp}	c ^v *	
	CVV ^h	$\underline{n}a_{\text{cp}}, g\underline{a}_{\text{cp}}, \underline{g}a_{\text{cp}}$	c ^v	
	closed low	\emptyset_{cp}	c ^v c *	
	CVVC	$\underline{n}a_{\text{cp}}, g\underline{a}_{\text{cp}}, \underline{g}a_{\text{cp}}$	CVVC	
	closed high	\emptyset_{cp}	c ^v c *	
	C ^V VC	$\underline{n}a_{\text{cp}}, g\underline{a}_{\text{cp}}, \underline{g}a_{\text{cp}}$	C ^V VC	
	glottalized	\emptyset_{cp}	c ^v c' *	
	CVVC'	$\underline{n}a_{\text{cp}}, g\underline{a}_{\text{cp}}, \underline{g}a_{\text{cp}}$	C ^V VC'	
SUFFIXES	—			

* there are rare exceptions (long and low)

IMPERATIVE: do it!

ACT		
\emptyset	gaylsháat! ga-la- $\sqrt{\text{sháat}}$	hold it!
ka-	kashaxít! ka- \emptyset -sha- $\sqrt{\text{xít}}$	write it!
tu-	[does not occur]	—
ji-	yéi jinané! yéi ji-na- \emptyset - $\sqrt{\text{né}}$	work!
STATE		
\emptyset	igak' éi! i-ga- \emptyset - $\sqrt{\text{k}'éi}$	be good!
ka-	[does not occur]	—

IMPERATIVE: do it!

tu-	tukla.aan! tu-ga-la-√.aan	be kind!
ji-	—	—
EVENT		
∅	áx! ∅-√.áx	hear it!
ka-	[does not occur]	—
tu-	[does not occur]	—
ji-	[does not occur]	—
MOTION		
∅	aadé nagú! aa-dé na-√gú	go towards there!
	át gú! aa-t ∅-√gú	go (arrive) there!
ka-	[does not occur]	—
tu-	—	—
ji-	[does not occur]	—

Perfective Habitual (+)*O-^ju-CP-S-cl_{-i}-^vroot-ch*

s/he does it (every time)

PERFECTIVE HABITUAL (+): does it (every time)

PREVERB	—		
PREFIXES	\emptyset_{cp}	irrealis	-u
CONJUGATION PREFIX	yes	\emptyset_{cp} , na _{cp} , ga _{cp} , <u>ga</u> _{cp}	
CLASSIFIER	-i	\emptyset -	da-, sa-, s-, la-, l-, sha-, sh-
STEM VARIATION	open cvv	\emptyset_{cp} na _{cp} , ga _{cp} , <u>ga</u> _{cp}	c ^v y c ^v v (aa/oo~ei)
	fading cvv ^h	\emptyset_{cp} na _{cp} , ga _{cp} , <u>ga</u> _{cp}	c ^v y cvv (aa/oo~ei)
	closed low cvvc	\emptyset_{cp} na _{cp} , ga _{cp} , <u>ga</u> _{cp}	unpredictable c ^v c
	closed high c ^v vc	\emptyset_{cp} na _{cp} , ga _{cp} , <u>ga</u> _{cp}	unpredictable c ^v c
	glottalized cvvc'	\emptyset_{cp} na _{cp} , ga _{cp} , <u>ga</u> _{cp}	unpredictable c ^v c'
SUFFIXES	repetitive	-ch	

PERFECTIVE HABITUAL (+): does it (every time)

ACT		
\emptyset	axlasháttch a- ^j u-ga- \emptyset -la- ^v shát-ch	s/he holds him/her/it (every time)
ka-	akooshhxítch a-ka- ^j u- \emptyset -sha- ^v xít-ch	s/he writes it (every time)
tu-	(yéi) sh tundanúkch (yéi) sh tu- ^j a-na- \emptyset -da- ^v núk-ch	s/he feels that way (every time)
ji-	yéi jinaneich yéi ji- ^j u-na- \emptyset - \emptyset - ^v nei-ch	s/he works (every time)
STATE		
\emptyset	gak'éich \emptyset - ^j u-ga- \emptyset - ^v k'éi-ch	he/she/it gets better (every time)
ka-	[does not occur]	—

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PERFECTIVE HABITUAL (+): does it (every time)

tu-	[does not occur]	—
ji-	—	—
EVENT		
∅	oo.aaxch a-yü-Ø-Ø-√.aax-ch	s/he hears it (every time)
ka-	koodagáñch ka-yü-Ø-da-√gán-ch	it gets bright (every time)
tu-	(yéi) tundatáñch (yéi) tu-yü-na-da-√tán-ch	s/he thinks (that way) (every time)
ji-	jinastáñch ji-na-sa-√tán-ch	it gets rough (every time)
MOTION		
∅	aadé nagútch aa-dé yü-na-Ø-√gút-ch	s/he goes there (every time)
	át ugútch aa-t -yü-Ø-Ø-√gút-ch	s/he arrives there (every time)
ka-	át kooxeexch aa-t ka-yü-Ø-Ø-√xeex-ch	it hits it (every time)
tu-	—	—
ji-	a kanax jiyanastáñch a ká-náx ji-ya-ÿa-na-sa-√tán-ch	waves wash over it (every time)

Perfective Habitual (-)tlél + O-u-yü-CP-S-cl _{-i} -√root-ch

s/he hasn't done it yet

PERFECTIVE HABITUAL (-): hasn't done it yet

PREVERB	negative	tléil ~ tlél ~ héł ~ lél ~ tíl	
PREFIXES	irrealis	-u	
CONJUGATION PREFIX	yes	∅ _{cp} , na _{cp} , ga _{cp} , <u>ga</u> _{cp}	
CLASSIFIER	-i	∅-, da-, sa-, s-, la-, l-, sha-, sh-	
STEM VARIATION	open cvv	∅ _{cp} na _{cp} , ga _{cp} , <u>ga</u> _{cp}	cívy cvv (aa/oo~ei)
	fading cvv ^h	∅ _{cp} na _{cp} , ga _{cp} , <u>ga</u> _{cp}	cívy cvv (aa/oo~ei)
	closed low cvvc	∅ _{cp} na _{cp} , ga _{cp} , <u>ga</u> _{cp}	unpredictable cvc
	closed high cívč	∅ _{cp} na _{cp} , ga _{cp} , <u>ga</u> _{cp}	unpredictable cívč
	glottalized cvvc'	∅ _{cp} na _{cp} , ga _{cp} , <u>ga</u> _{cp}	unpredictable cívč'
SUFFIXES	habitual	-ch	

PERFECTIVE HABITUAL (-): hasn't done it yet

ACT		
∅	tlél oogalsháttch tlél a-u-yü- <u>ga</u> -∅-la-√shát-ch	s/he hasn't held it yet
ka-	tlél akooshxítch tlél a-ka-u-yü-∅-∅-sha-√xít-ch	s/he hasn't written it yet
tu-	tlél (yéi) sh tundanúkch tlél (yéi) sh tu-u-yü-na-∅-da-√núk-ch	s/he doesn't feel that way yet
ji-	tlél yéi jinaneich tlél yéi ji-u-yü-na-∅-∅-√nei-ch	s/he hasn't worked yet
STATE		
∅	tlél gak'éich tlél ∅-ga-u-yü-∅-√k'éi-ch	he/she/it hasn't gotten better yet

Understanding Tlingit Verbs

PERFECTIVE HABITUAL (-): hasn't done it yet

ka-	[does not occur]	—
tu-	[does not occur]	—
ji-	—	—
EVENT		
∅	tlél oo.aaxch tlél a-u-ÿu-Ø-Ø-√.aax-ch	s/he hasn't heard it yet
ka-	tlél koodagánch tlél ka-u-ÿu-Ø-da-√gán-ch	it hasn't gotten bright yet
tu-	tlél (yéi) tundatáñch tlél (yéi) tu-u-ÿu-na-da-√tán-ch	s/he hasn't thought that way yet
ji-	tlél jeenastáñch tlél ji-na-u-ÿu-sa-√tán-ch	it hasn't gotten rough yet
MOTION		
∅	tlél aadé nagútch tlél aa-dé u-ÿu-na-Ø-√gút-ch	s/he has not gone there yet
	tlél át ugútch tlél aa-t -u-ÿu-Ø-Ø-√gút-ch	s/he has not arrived there yet
ka-	tlél át kooxeexch tlél aa-t ka-u-ÿu-Ø-Ø-√xeex-ch	it has not hit it yet
tu-	—	—
ji-	tlél a kanax jeeyanastáñch tlél a ka-náx ji-ya-u-ÿu-na-sa-√tán-ch	waves have not washed over it yet

Hortative

O-CP-ga-S-cl $\sqrt{-i}$ root-(-yi/-i; -wu/-u)

let her/him do it; let us do it (1st & 3rd person subjects only)

HORTATIVE: let her/him do it; let us do it		
PREVERB	—	
PREFIXES	ga-mode	<u>ga-</u>
	— (eliminated by na-conj)	
CONJUGATION PREFIX	yes	$\emptyset_{cp}, na_{cp}, ga_{cp} \underline{ga}_{cp}$
CLASSIFIER	-i	$\emptyset-, da-, sa-, s-, la-, l-, sha-, sh-$
	open — cvv	cvv *
	fading — cvv ^h	cvv *
STEM VARIATION	closed low — cvvc	CVVC **
	closed high — cVvc	cVVC **
	glottalized — cvvc'	cVvc' **
SUFFIXES	(-yi/-i; -wu/-u) — speaker preference	
* there are rare exceptions (long and high) ** there are rare exceptions (short and low)		

HORTATIVE: let her/him do it; let us do it		
ACT		
Ø	agaaxlasháat a-ga-ga-Ø-la-√sháat	let him/her hold it
ka-	akaxshaxít a-ka-Ø-ga-Ø-sha-√xit	let him/her write it
tu-	(yéi) sh tunaxdanook (yéi) sh tu-na- <u>ga</u> -Ø-da-√nook	let him/her feel that way
ji-	yéi jinganei yéi ji-na- <u>ga</u> -Ø-Ø-√nei	let him/her work
STATE		
Ø	gagak'éi Ø-ga-ga-Ø-√k'éi	let him/her/it be good
ka-	[does not occur]	—
tu-	tugaxla.aan Ø-tu-ga-ga-la-√.aan	let him/her be kind
ji-	—	—

HORTATIVE: let her/him do it; let us do it

EVENT		
∅	aga.aax a-∅-ga-∅-∅-√.aax	let her/him hear it
ka-	kaxdagáan ka-∅-ga-da-√gáan	let it be bright
tu-	(yéi) tunaxdataan (yéi) tu-na-ga-∅-da-√taan	let him/her think (that way)
ji-	[does not occur]	—
MOTION		
∅	aadé ngagoot aa-dé na-ga-∅-∅-√goot	let her/him go there
	át gagoot aa-t ∅-ga-∅-∅-√goot	let him/her arrive there
ka-	(ch'a) át kagaxeex (dé) (ch'a) aa-t ka-∅-ga-∅-√xeex (dé)	(just) let it hit it (now)
tu-	—	—
ji-	[does not occur]	—

Repetitive Imperfective

(yoo/kei/yei) + O-S-cl_i- $\sqrt{\text{root}}$ -(-x/-k/-ch)

s/he does it (regularly)

REPETITIVE IMPERFECTIVE: s/he does it (regularly)

PREVERB	\emptyset_{cp}	na_{cp}^*	ga_{cp}	na_{cp}	ga_{cp}	
	—	kei	yoo ~ yóo	yei		
PREFIXES	—					
CONJUGATION PREFIX	—					
CLASSIFIER	-i	\emptyset -, da-, sa-, s-, la-, l-, sha-, sh-				
STEM VARIATION	open — cvv			cv̄v		
	fading — cvv ^h			cvv		
	closed low — cvvc			cv̄c		
	closed high — cvvc			cv̄c		
	glottalized — cvvc'			cv̄c'		
SUFFIXES	repetitive	\emptyset_{cp}	na_{cp}^*	na_{cp}	ga_{cp} ga_{cp}	
		-x	-k	-ch		

REPETITIVE IMPERFECTIVE: s/he does it (regularly)

ACT		
\emptyset	yei alsháttch yei a- \emptyset -la- $\sqrt{shát-ch}$	s/he holds it (regularly)
ka-	akshaxítx a-ka- \emptyset -sha- $\sqrt{xít-x}$	s/he writes it (regularly)
tu-	[does not occur]	—
ji-	yéi yoo jiyanéik yéi yoo ji- \emptyset -ya- $\sqrt{nei-k}$	s/he works (regularly)
STATE		
\emptyset	kei k'éich kei \emptyset - \emptyset - $\sqrt{k'éi-ch}$	he/she/it gets better (regularly)
ka-	[does not occur]	—
tu-	kei tula.aanch kei \emptyset -tu-la- $\sqrt{aan-ch}$	s/he is kind (regularly)
ji-	—	—

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REPETITIVE IMPERFECTIVE: s/he does it (regularly)

EVENT		
∅	a.áx a-∅-∅-√.áx	s/he's hearing it (strange sounds, e.g.)
ka-	kadagánx ka-da-√gán-x	it brightens (regularly)
tu-	[does not occur]	—
ji-	keijisatáñch kei ji-sa-√tán-ch	it gets rough (regularly)
MOTION		
∅	aadé yoo yagútk aa-dé yoo ∅-ya-√gút-k	s/he goes there (regularly)
	áx goot aa-x ∅-∅-√goot	s/he goes there (regularly)
ka-	áx kaxeex aa-x ka-∅-√xeex	it hits it (regularly)
tu-	—	—
ji-	a kanax keijisatáñch a ka-náx kei ji-sa-√tán-ch	waves wash over it (regularly)

Prohibitive

lil + O-u-S-cl-√root-k ~ ik ~ uk

don't do it!

PROHIBITIVE: don't do it!

<i>Preverb</i>	<i>lil / (tléil ~ tlél ~ héł ~ lél ~ tél)</i>
<i>Prefixes</i>	—
<i>Conjugation Prefix</i>	based on the second person negative
<i>Classifier</i>	imperfective, perfective, or repetitive
<i>Stem Variation</i>	imperfective form, depending on verb.
<i>Suffixes</i>	prohibitive -k ~ -ik ~ -uk

PROHIBITIVE: don't do it!

ACT		
∅	<i>lil ilashádik!</i> lil i-la-√shát-ik	don't hold it!
ka-	<i>lil eeshaxeedík!</i> lil i-ka-u-i-sha-√xeet-ik	don't write it!
tu-	[does not occur]	—
ji-	<i>lil yéi jinéík!</i> lil yéi ji-∅-∅-√nei-k	don't work!
STATE		
∅	<i>lil eek'eiyík!</i> lil i-u-∅-k'ei-yík	don't be good!
ka-	[does not occur]	—
tu-	[does not occur]	—
ji-	—	—
EVENT		
∅	[does not occur]	—
ka-	[does not occur]	—
tu-	[does not occur]	—
ji-	[does not occur]	—

PROHIBITIVE: don't do it!

MOTION		
	lil aadé yigoodík! lil aa-dé ýu-i-∅-√goot-ík	don't go there!
∅	lil át yigoodík! lil aa-t ýu-i-∅-√goot-ík lil áx eegoodík! lil aa-x u-i-∅-√goot-ík	don't go there!
ka-	[does not occur]	—
tu-	—	—
ji-	[does not occur]	—

Potential (+) *often used with relative clausegwál + O-u-CP-ga-S-cl_{+i}-√root

s/he might do it

POTENTIAL (+): s/he might do it

PREVERB	—		
PREFIXES	irrealis	-u	ga-mode
CONJUGATION PREFIX	yes	∅ _{cp} , na _{cp} , ga _{cp} , <u>ga</u> _{cp}	ga-
CLASSIFIER	+i	ÿa, di, si, dzi, li, dli, shi, ji	
STEM VARIATION	open — cvv		cvv
	fading — cvv ^h		cvv
	closed low — cvvc		cvvc
	closed high — cívc		cívc
	glottalized — cvvc'		cívc'
SUFFIXES	—		

POTENTIAL (+): s/he might do it

ACT		
∅	gwál agaaxwlisháat gwál a-u- <u>ga</u> -ga-∅-li-√sháat	s/he might hold her/him/it
ka-	gwál akooxshixít gwál a-ka-u-∅-ga-∅-shi-√xít	s/he might write it
tu-	gwál (yéi) sh toonaxdinook gwál (yéi) sh tu-u-na- <u>ga</u> -∅-di-√hook	s/he might feel that way
ji-	gwál yéi jingwaanei gwál yéi ji-u-na- <u>ga</u> -ÿa-√nei	s/he might work
STATE		
∅	gwál kgwaak'éi gwál ∅-ga-u- <u>ga</u> -ÿa-√k'éi	s/he might be good
ka-	gwál kugaaxlijée gwál ∅-ka-ga-u- <u>ga</u> -li-√jée	s/he might look terrible
tu-	[does not occur]	—
ji-	—	—

POTENTIAL (+): s/he might do it

EVENT		
∅	gwál oogaa.aax gwál a-u-∅-ga-∅-ya-√aax	s/he might hear her/him/it
ka-	gwál kooxdigáan gwál ka-u-∅-ga-di-√gáan	it might get bright
tu-	gwál (yéi) toonaxditaan gwál ka-u-na-ga-di-√taan	s/he might think that way
ji-	[does not occur]	—

MOTION		
∅	gwál aadé ngwaagoot gwál aa-dé u-na-ga-∅-ya-√goot	s/he might go there
ka-	gwál kagwaaxeex gwál ka-u-∅-ga-∅-ya-√xeex	s/he might hit her/him/it
tu-	—	—
ji-	[does not occur]	—

Potential (-) *often used with relative clause

gwál + tlél + O-u-CP-ga-S-cl_i-√root

s/he might not do it

POTENTIAL (-): s/he might not do it				
PREVERB	gwál + tléíl ~ tlél ~ héł ~ lél ~ tíl			
PREFIXES	irrealis	-u	ga-mode	ga-
CONJUGATION PREFIX	yes Ø, na _{cp} , ga _{cp} , <u>ga</u> _{cp}			
CLASSIFIER	+i ýa, di, si, dzi, li, dli, shi, ji			
STEM VARIATION	open — cvv			cvv
	fading — cvv ^h			cvv
	closed low — cvvc			cvvc
	closed high — cívc			cívc
	glottalized — cvvc'			cvvc'
SUFFIXES	—			

POTENTIAL (-): s/he might not do it		
ACT		
Ø	gwál tlél agaaxwlisháat gwál tlél a-u-ga-ga-Ø-li-√sháat	s/he might not hold her/him/it
ka-	gwál tlél akooxshixít gwál tlél a-ka-u-Ø-ga-Ø-shi-√xit	s/he might not write it
tu-	gwál tlél (yéi) sh toonaxdinook gwál tlél (yéi) sh tu-u-na-ga-Ø-di-√nook	s/he might not feel that way
ji-	gwál tlél yéi jingwaanei gwál tlél yéi ji-u-na-ga-ÿa-√nei	s/he might not work
STATE		
Ø	gwál tlél kgwaak'éi gwál tlél Ø-ga-u-ga-ÿa-√k'éi	s/he might not be good
ka-	gwál tlél kugaaxlijée gwál tlél Ø-ka-ga-u-ga-ly-√jée	s/he might not look terrible
tu-	[does not occur]	—
ji-	—	—

Understanding Tlingit Verbs

POTENTIAL (-): s/he might not do it

EVENT		
∅	gwál tlél oogaa.aax gwál tlél a-u-∅-ga-∅-ya-√aax	s/he might not hear her/him/it
ka-	gwál tlél koox <u>d</u> igáan gwál tlél ka-u-∅-ga-di-√gáan	no way it can get bright
tu-	gwál tlél (yéi) toonax <u>d</u> itaan gwál tlél (yéi) tu-u-na-∅-ga-di-√taan	s/he might not think that way
ji-	[does not occur]	—

MOTION		
∅	gwál tlél aadé ngwaagoot gwál tlél aa-dé u-na-∅-ya-√goot	s/he might not go there
ka-	gwál tlél kagwaaxeex gwál tlél ka-u-∅-ga-ya-√xeex	s/he might not hit her/him/it
tu-	—	—
ji-	[does not occur]	—

Potential Attributive

*tlél + aadé + O-u-CP-ga-S-cl_i-root-*yi/-i/-wu/-u* + yé*
 no way s/he can do it

POTENTIAL ATTRIBUTIVE: no way s/he can do it					
PREVERB	tléíl ~ tléíl ~ héíl ~ lél ~ tél + aadé				
PREFIXES	irrealis	-u	ga-mode	ga-	
CONJUGATION PREFIX	yes	Ø _{cp} , na _{cp} , ga _{cp} , g _{cp}			
CLASSIFIER	+i	ÿa, di, si, dzi, li, dli, shi, ji			
STEM VARIATION	open — cvv			cvv	
	fading — cvv ^h			cvv	
	closed low — cvvc			cvvc	
	closed high — cívc			cívc	
	glottalized — cvvc'			cívc'	
SUFFIXES	relative		-yi/-i/-wu/-u		
POSTVERB	way/place		yé		

POTENTIAL ATTRIBUTIVE: no way s/he can do it				
ACT				
Ø	tléíl aadé agaaxwlishádi yé	no way s/he can hold her/him/it		
	tléíl aa-dé a-u-ga-ga-Ø-li-√sháat-i			
ka-	tléíl aadé akooxshixídi yé tléíl aa-dé a-ka-u-Ø-ga-Ø-shi-√xit-i yé	no way s/he can write it		
tu-	tléíl aadé sh toonaxdinoogú yé tléíl aa-dé sh tu-u-na-ga-Ø-di-√nook-ú yé	no way s/he can feel that way		
ji-	tléíl aadé yéi jingwaaneiyí yé tléíl aa-dé yéi ji-u-na-ga-ÿa-√nei-yí yé	no way s/he can work		
STATE				
Ø	tléíl aadé kgwaak'éiyi yé tléíl aa-dé Ø-ga-u-ÿa-√k'éi-yí yé	no way s/he can be good		

POTENTIAL ATTRIBUTIVE: no way s/he can do it

ka-	tlél aadé kugaaxlijéeyi yé tlél aa-dé Ø-ka-ga-u-ga-li-√jéeyi yé	no way s/he can look terrible
tu-	[does not occur]	—
ji-	—	—
EVENT		
Ø	tlél aadé oogaa.aaxí yé tlél aa-dé a-u-Ø-ga-Ø-ÿa-√vaax-i yé	no way s/he can hear her/him/it
ka-	tlél aadé kooxdigáani yé tlél aa-dé ka-u-Ø-ga-di-√gáan-i yé	no way it can get bright
tu-	tlél aadé (yéi) toonaxditaaní yé tlél aa-dé (yéi) tu-u-na-Ø-ga-di-√taan-i yé	no way s/he can think that way
ji-	[does not occur]	—
MOTION		
Ø	tlél aadé aadé ngwaagoodí yé tlél aa-dé aa-dé u-na-Ø-ga-Ø-ÿa-√goot-i yé	no way s/he can go there
ka-	tlél aadé át kagwaaxeexí yé tlél aa-dé áa-t ka-u-Ø-ga-ÿa-√xeex-i yé	no way s/he can hit her/him/it
tu-	—	—
ji-	[does not occur]	—

Potential Decessive* usually used as dependent clause

O-u-CP-ga-S-cl_{-i}-√root-in/un

s/he would have done it

POTENTIAL DECESSIVE: s/he would have done it

PREVERB	—			
PREFIXES	irrealis	-u	ga-mode	ga-
CONJUGATION PREFIX	yes	Ø _{cp} , na _{cp} , ga _{cp} , ga _{cp}		
CLASSIFIER	-i	Ø-, da-, sa-, s-, la-, l-, sha-, sh-		
STEM VARIATION	open — cvv fading — cvv ^h closed low — cvvc closed high — cívc glottalized — cvvc'		cvv cvv cvvc cívc cvvc'	
SUFFIXES	decessive	-in/-un		

POTENTIAL DECESSIVE: s/he would have done it

ACT		
Ø	agaaxwplashádin a-u-ga <u>ga</u> -Ø-la-√shádin	s/he would have held her/him/it
ka-	akooxshaxídin a-ka-u-Ø-ga-Ø-sha-√xít-in	s/he would have written it
tu-	yéi sh toonax <u>danoogún</u> yéi sh tu-u-na <u>ga</u> -Ø-da-√nook-ún	s/he would have felt that way
ji-	yéi jingwaneiyín yéi ji-u-na <u>ga</u> -Ø-√nei-yín	s/he would have worked
STATE		
Ø	gugak'éiyin Ø-ga-u <u>ga</u> -Ø-√k'éi-yin	s/he would have been good
ka-	kugaaxlajéeyin Ø-ka-ga-u <u>ga</u> -la-√jéeyin	s/he would have looked terrible
tu-	[does not occur]	—
ji-	—	—
EVENT		
Ø	ooga.aaxín a-u-Ø-ga-Ø-Ø-√aax-ín	s/he would have heard her/him/it

POTENTIAL DECESSIVE: s/he would have done it

ka-	kooxdagáanin ka-u-Ø-ga-da-√gáan-in	it would have gotten bright
tu-	(yéi) toonaxdataanín (yéi) tu-u-na-ga-da-√taan-in	s/he would have thought that way
ji-	[does not occur]	—
MOTION		
Ø	aadé ngwagoodín aa-dé u-na-ga-Ø-Ø-√goot-ín	s/he would have gone there
ka-	át kagwaxeexín áa-t ka-u-Ø-ga-Ø-√xeex-ín	s/he would have hit her/him/it
tu-	—	—
ji-	[does not occur]	—

Perfective attributive (+) (the one who did it)

3s wé aadé wugoodi aa
the one who went there

Conditional* often used in relative clause

O-CP-S-cl_{-i}-√root-n+i

if/when s/he does it

CONDITIONAL: if/when s/he does it		
PREVERB	—	
PREFIXES	—	
CONJUGATION PREFIX	yes	Ø _{cp} , na _{cp'} , ga _{cp'} , ga _{cp}
STEM VARIATION	-i	Ø-, da-, sa-, s-, la-, l-, sha-, sh-
	open — cvv	cvn (aa/oo~ei)
	fading — cvv ^h	cvn (aa/oo~ei)
	closed low — cvvc	cvc
	closed high — cvvc'	cvc'
SUFFIXES	conditional + relative	-n + -i

Stem Variation

OPEN ROOTS					
	CVV		CVV ^H		
	Ø	NA, GA, <u>GA</u>	Ø	NA, GA, <u>GA</u>	
progressive imperfectives	cvv-n	cvv-n	cvv-n	cvv-n	
perfective (+)	c̄v̄v	cvv	c̄v̄v	cvv	
perfective (-)	c̄v̄	cvv	c̄v̄	cv	
imperative	c̄v̄ / c̄vv	c̄v̄	c̄v̄ / c̄vv	c̄v̄	
perfective habituels	cvv-ych	cvv-ch	cvv-ych	cvv-ch	
future (+)	c̄v̄v	c̄v̄v	c̄v̄v	c̄v̄v	
future (-)	cvv	cvv	cvv	cvv	
hortative	c̄v̄v / cvv	cvv	c̄v̄v / cvv	cvv	
repetitive imperfective	c̄v̄v- <u>x</u>	cvv-{k,ch}	cvv- <u>x</u>	cvv-{k,ch}	
potentials	c̄v̄v / cvv	cvv	c̄v̄v / cvv	cvv	
conditional	c̄v̄v-ni	cvv-ni	c̄v̄v-ni	c̄v̄v-ni	

CLOSED ROOTS						
	CVVC		C̄VVC		C̄VVC	
	Ø	NA, GA, <u>GA</u>	Ø	NA, GA, <u>GA</u>	Ø	NA, GA, <u>GA</u>
progressive imperfectives	cvc	cvc	cvc	cvc	cvc'	cvc'
perfective (+)	cvc	cvvc	cvc	c̄vvc	cvc'	c̄vvc'
perfective (-)	cvvc	cvvc	c̄vvc	c̄vvc	c̄vvc'	c̄vvc'
imperative	cvc	cvvc	cvc	c̄vvc	cvc'	c̄vvc'
perfective habituels	cvc-ch / cvvc-ch	cvc-ch	cvc-ch / c̄vvc-ch	cvc-ch	cvc'-ch / c̄vvc'-ch	cvc'-ch
future (+)	c̄vvc	c̄vvc	c̄vvc	c̄vvc	c̄vvc'	c̄vvc'
future (-)	cvvc	cvvc	c̄vvc	c̄vvc	c̄vvc'	c̄vvc'
hortative	cvc / cvvc	cvvc	cvc / c̄vvc	c̄vvc	cvc' / c̄vvc'	c̄vvc'
repetitive imperfective	cvc- <u>x</u>	cvc- <u>{k,ch}</u>	cvc- <u>x</u>	cvc- <u>{k,ch}</u>	cvc'- <u>x</u>	cvc'- <u>{k,ch}</u>
potentials	cvc / cvvc	cvvc	cvc / c̄vvc	c̄vvc	cvc / c̄vvc	c̄vvc
conditional	cvc-ni	cvc-ni	cvc-ni	cvc'-ni	cvc'-ni	cvc'-ni